13. Any map $f : \Sigma(\mathbf{p}) \to \Sigma(\mathbf{q})$ is, for every $\epsilon > 0$, ϵ-homotopic to a map induced by a map $(S^1, f_n) \to (S^1, g_n)$ between inverse sequences defining the corresponding solenoids [Rogers et al. 1971].
14. A $\mathbf{p}$-adic solenoid admits a mean if and only if infinitely many numbers in the sequence $\mathbf{p}$ equal 2 [Krupski XXXXa]. The same condition is equivalent to the non-existence of exactly 2-to-1 map defined on the solenoid [Dębski 1992].
15. The hyperspace of all subcontinua of any solenoid Σ is homeomorphic the cone over Σ [Rogers 1971a], [Nadler 1991, p. 202].
16. The family of all solenoids in the cube I^3 (as a subset of the hyperspace $C(I^3)$) is Borel and not $G_{\delta\sigma}$ [Krupski XXXXc].

4.4 Compactifications of the real line and the real half-line

(a) Waraszkiewicz spirals

4.5 Other examples